## **Department of Veterans Affairs**

- (1) The reason for the default and whether the reason is a temporary or permanent condition:
- (2) The present income and employment of the borrower(s);
- (3) The current monthly expenses of the borrower(s) including household and debt obligations;
- (4) The current mailing address and telephone number of the borrower(s); and
- (5) A realistic and mutually satisfactory arrangement for curing the default.
- (i) Property inspections. (1) The holder shall make an inspection of the property securing the loan whenever it becomes aware that the physical condition of the security may be in jeopardy. Unless a repayment agreement is in effect, a property inspection shall also be made at the following times:
- (i) Before the 60th day of delinquency or before initiating action to liquidate a loan, whichever is earlier; and
- (ii) At least once each month after liquidation proceedings have been started unless servicing information shows the property remains owner-occupied.
- (2) Whenever a holder obtains information which indicates that the property securing the loan is abandoned, it shall make appropriate arrangements to protect the property from vandalism and the elements. Thereafter, the holder shall schedule inspections at least monthly to prevent unnecessary deterioration due to vandalism, or neglect. With respect to any loan more than 60 calendar days delinquent, if the property is abandoned, this fact must be reported to the Secretary as required in §36.4817(c)(10) and immediate action should be initiated by the servicer to terminate the loan once the abandonment has been confirmed.
- (j) Collection records. The holder shall maintain individual file records of collection action on delinquent loans and make such records available to the Secretary for inspection on request. Such collection records shall show:
- (1) The dates and content of letters and notices which were mailed to the borrower(s);
- (2) Dated summaries of each personal servicing contact and the result of same:

- (3) The indicated reason(s) for default; and
- (4) The date and result of each property inspection.
- (k) Quality control procedures. No later than 180 days after the effective date of this regulation, each loan holder shall establish internal controls to periodically assess the quality of the servicing performed on loans guaranteed by the Secretary and assure that all requirements of this section are being met. Those procedures must provide for a review of the holder's servicing activities at least annually and include an evaluation of delinquency and foreclosure rates on loans in its portfolio which are guaranteed by the Secretary. As part of its evaluation of delinquency and foreclosure rates, the holder shall:
- (1) Collect and maintain appropriate data on delinquency and foreclosure rates to enable the holder to evaluate effectiveness of its collection efforts;
- (2) Determine how its VA delinquency and foreclosure rates compare with rates in reports published by the industry, investors and others; and,
- (3) Analyze significant variances between its foreclosure and delinquency rates and those found in available reports and publications and take appropriate corrective action.
- (1) Provision of Data. Holders shall provide available statistical data on delinquency and foreclosure rates and their analysis of such data to the Secretary upon request.

(Authority 38 U.S.C. 3703(c)(1))

(The Office of Management and Budget has approved the information collection requirements in this section under Control Number 2900–0530.)

## §36.4851 Minimum property and construction requirements.

No loan for the purchase or construction of residential property shall be eligible for guaranty or insurance unless such property complies or conforms with those standards of planning, construction, and general acceptability that may be applicable thereto and prescribed by the Secretary pursuant to 38 U.S.C. 3704(a).

 $(Authority\ 38\ U.S.C.\ 3703(e)(1))$